



UNESCO-IHE
Institute for Water Education



Grid based processing and data management

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND RESEARCH



TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY
OF CLUJ-NAPOCA

C G I S
Computer Graphics
and Interactive Systems

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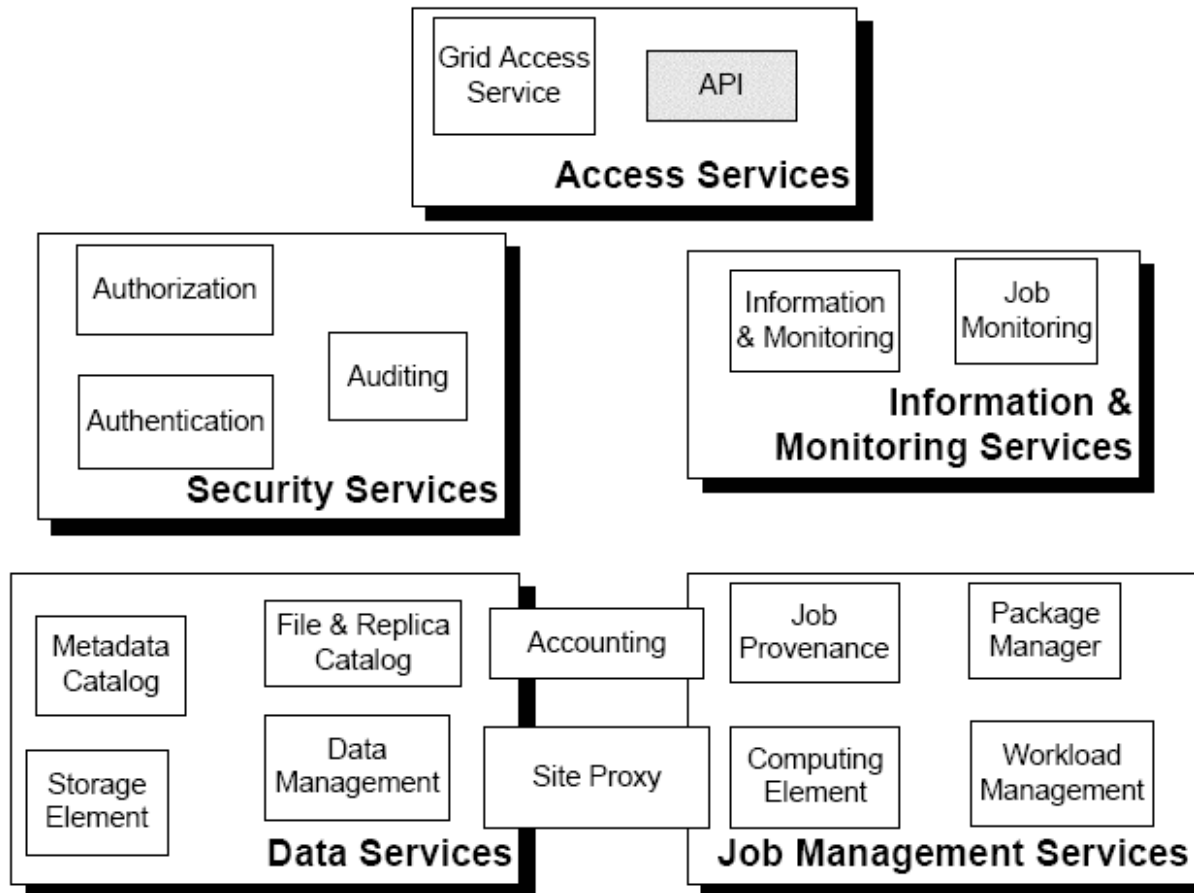
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Overview of the gLite Middleware



gLite's main components



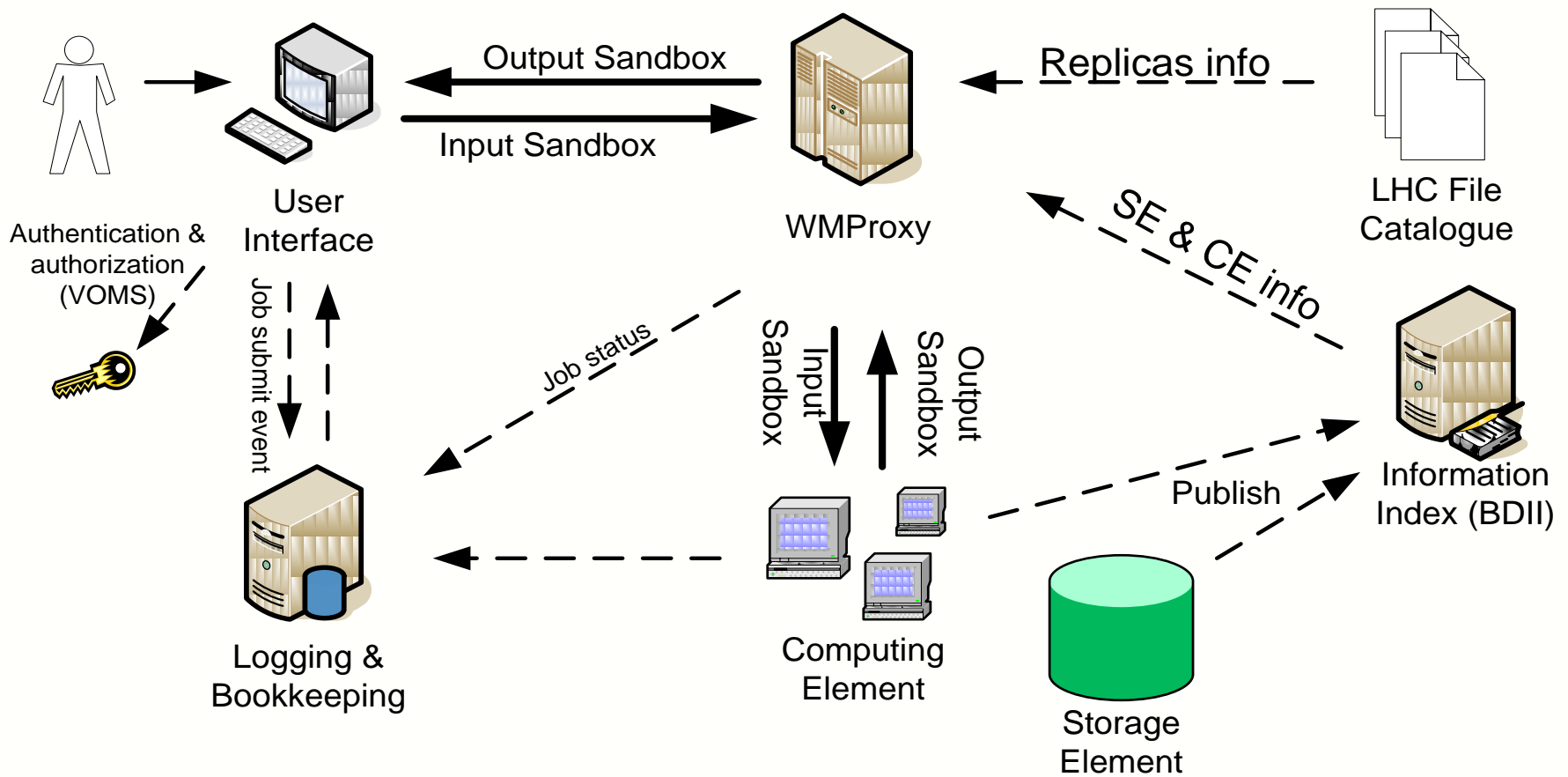
- ❑ **User Interface (UI):** The place where users logon to the Grid
- ❑ **Resource Broker (RB) (Workload Management System (WMS)):** Matches the user requirements with the available resources on the Grid
- ❑ **Information System:** Characteristics and status of CE and SE
- ❑ **File and replica catalog:** Location of grid files and grid file replicas
- ❑ **Logging and Bookkeeping (LB):** Log information of jobs
- ❑ **Computing Element (CE):** A batch queue on a site's computers where the user's job is executed
- ❑ **Storage Element (SE):** provides (large-scale) storage for files

Process execution



- **Typical UI scenario** (UI is central for the VO)
 - Upload program to UI with SCP
 - Login to UI with SSH
 - Compile code
 - Write job description (JDL file)
 - Create proxy certificate
 - Submit job
 - Check job status, download result from grid to UI when DONE
 - Download result from UI with SCP

Process execution



Process execution



- The Workload Management System (WMS) allows users to submit jobs, and performs all tasks required to execute them, without exposing the user to the complexity of the Grid.
 - It is the responsibility of the user to describe his jobs and their requirements, and to retrieve the output when the jobs are finished.
- The Job Description Language (JDL) is a high-level language based on the Classified Advertisement (ClassAd) language, used to describe jobs and aggregates of jobs with arbitrary dependency relations.



- Authentication based on X.509 PKI infrastructure
 - Certificate Authorities (CA) issue (long lived) certificates identifying individuals
 - In order to reduce vulnerability, the user identification is done by using (short lived) proxies of their certificates

- Proxies can
 - Be delegated to a service such that it can act on the user's behalf
 - Include additional attributes (like VO information via the VO Membership Service VOMS)
 - Be stored in an external proxy store (MyProxy)
 - Be renewed (in case they are about to expire)

- The security mechanism is based on public-private keys
 - A user uses the private key to sign/encrypt a message
 - Other users use the public key to verify/decrypt the message
- A user's digital signature is safe if:
 - He's private key is not compromised
 - Other user knows only he's public key

□ Heterogeneity

- Data stored on different storage systems using different access technologies

□ Distribution

- Data stored in different locations – in most cases there is no shared file system or common namespace - **File and Replica Catalogs**
- Data need to be moved between different locations - **File transfer service**

□ Files

- Mostly, write once, read many
- Located in Storage Elements (SEs)
- Several replicas of one file in different sites
- Accessible by Grid users and applications from “anywhere”
- Locatable by the WMS (data requirements in JDL)
- WMS can send (small amounts of) data to/from jobs: Input and Output Sandbox
- Files may be copied from/to local filesystems (WNs, UIs) to the Grid (SEs)

□ File naming

- Users are using the “logical file name” (LFN)
- LFN must be unique:
 - includes logical directory name
 - in a VO namespace
- E.g. `/gLite/envirogrids.vo.eu-egee.org/gSwat/DanubeSWATModel.tar`

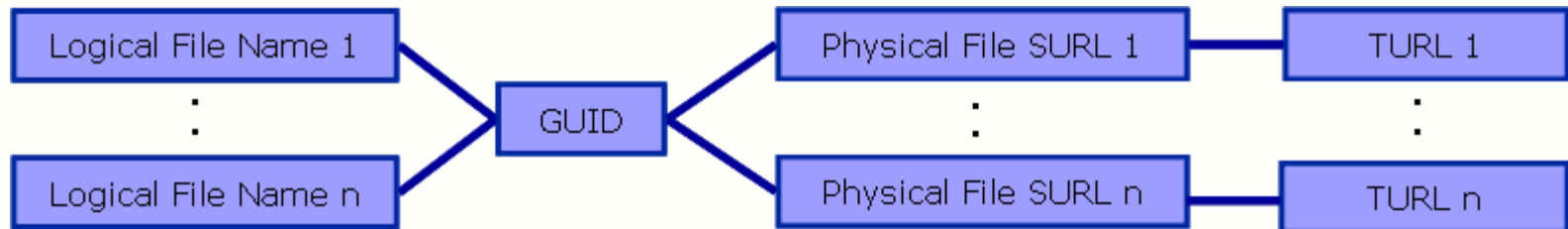
□ 3 service types for data

- Storage
- Catalogs
- Movement

Data management

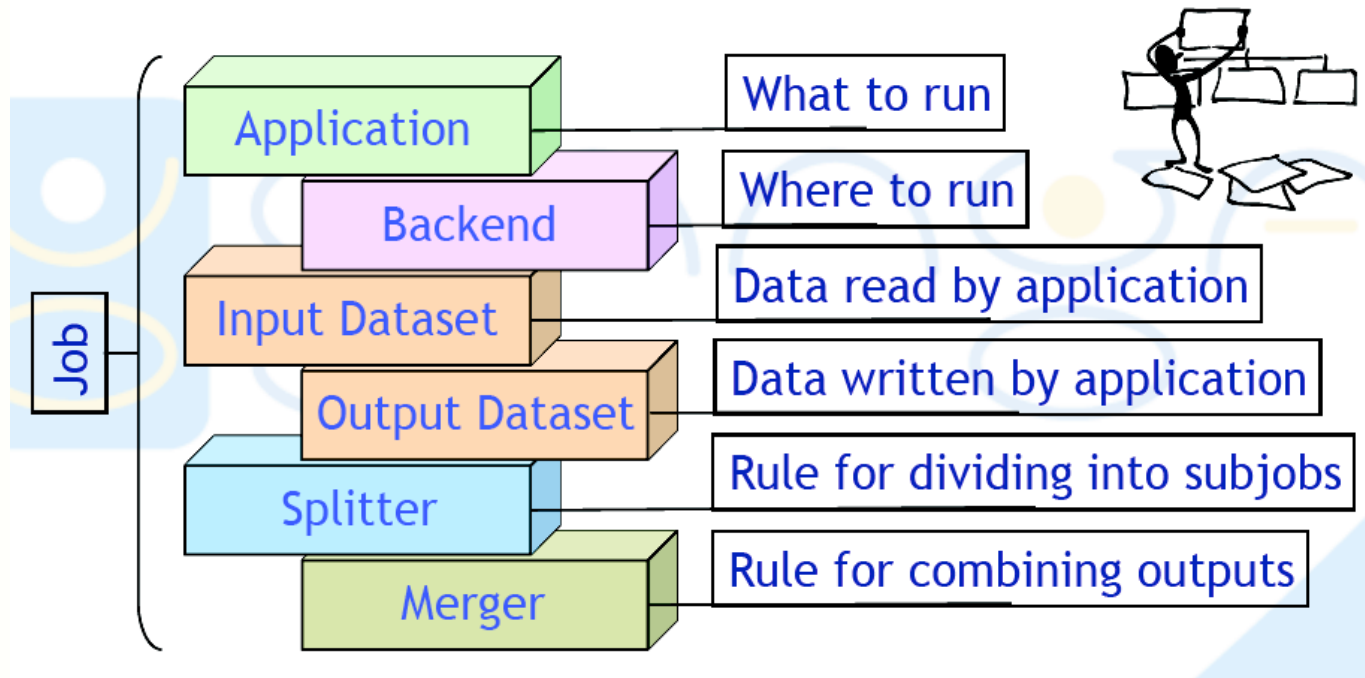


- Logical File Name (LFN)
 - An alias created by a user to refer to some item of data, e.g. “lfn:/grid/envirogrids.vo.eu-egee.org”
- Globally Unique Identifier (GUID)
 - A non-human-readable unique identifier for an item of data, e.g. “guid:3a69a819-2023-4400-a2a1-f581ab942044”
- Site URL (SURL)
 - Gives indication on which place (Storage Element) the file is actually found.
 - Understood by the SRM interface
- Transport URL (TURL)
 - Temporary locator of a replica+access protocol

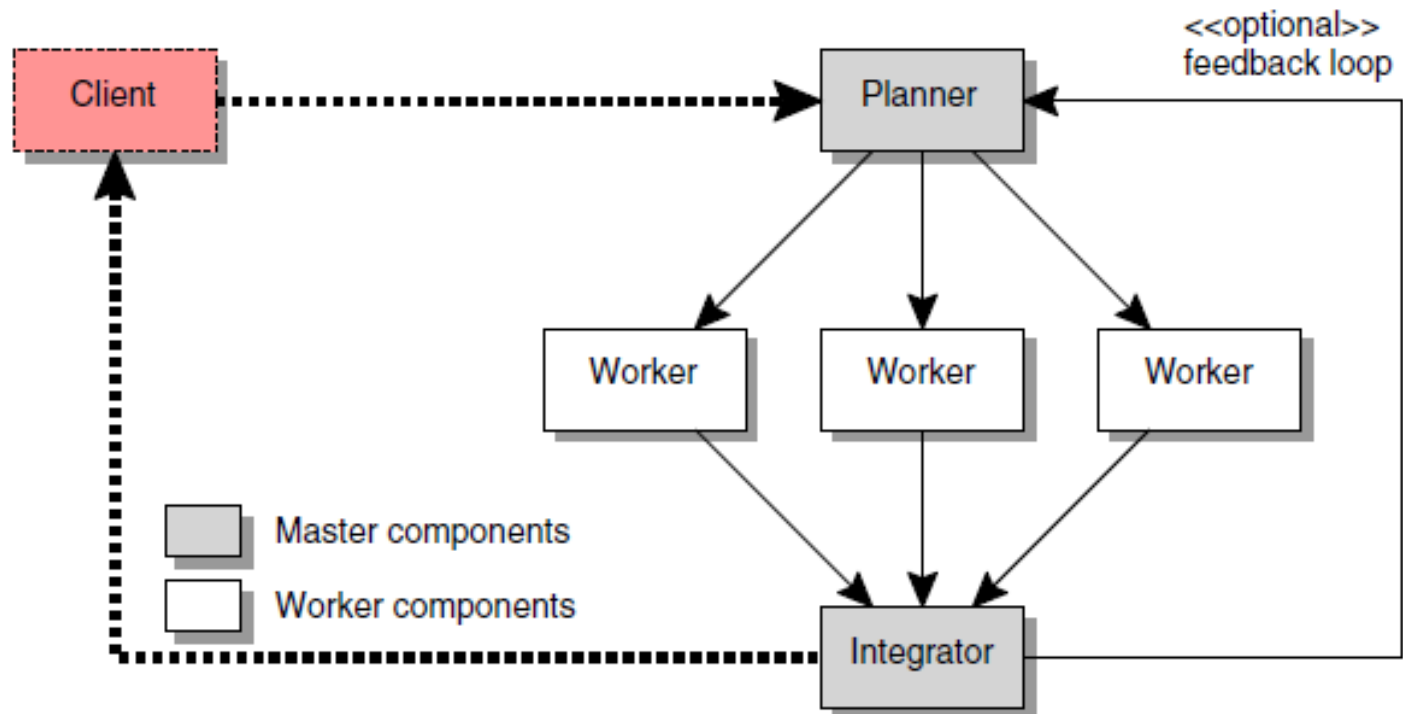


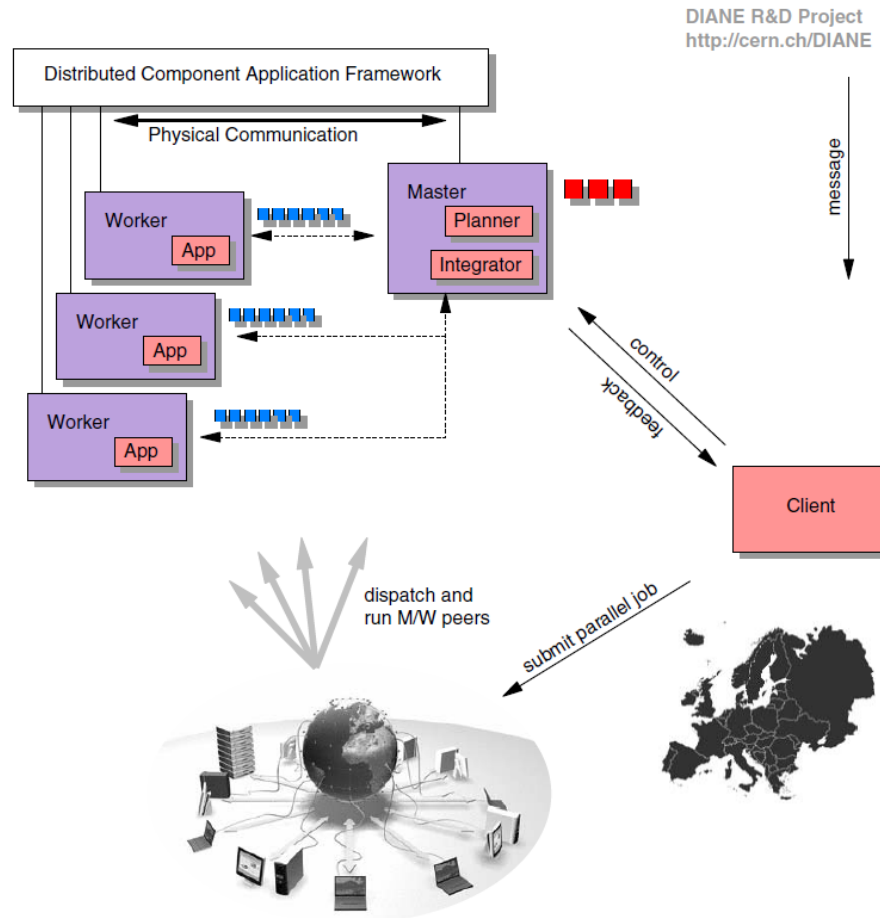
GANGA

- Allows users to run jobs locally, on batch systems or on Grid.
- Is written in Python.



- Distributed ANalysis Environment
- software tool that provides a more efficient usage of the distributed computing infrastructures





Thank you for your attention!

Questions?

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